

**SIXTH AMENDMENT TO THE TRIBAL-STATE COMPACT  
FOR CLASS III GAMING BETWEEN  
THE SUQUAMISH TRIBE AND THE STATE OF WASHINGTON**

**INTRODUCTION**

The SUQUAMISH TRIBE (hereafter, "Tribe") and the STATE OF WASHINGTON (hereafter, "State") entered into a Class III gaming compact (hereafter, "Compact") on January 26, 1995, pursuant to the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (hereafter, "IGRA"). At the request of the Tribe, the Tribe and State entered into negotiations for further amendments to the Compact. The parties have reached an agreement on Compact amendments as set forth in this document. The parties believe the conduct of Class III gaming under the terms and conditions set forth below will, from a regulatory perspective, benefit the Tribe and the State and protect members of the Tribe and citizens of the State consistent with the objectives of IGRA.

**COMPACT AMENDMENT**

1. **Compact, Section II.K is amended to read as follows:**
  - K. "Gaming Station" means one Gaming table of the general size and scope as commonly used in a regulated Gaming Operation or Electronic Table Games, subject to Appendix G.
2. **Section III.A, as previously amended, is amended to add:**
  26. Electronic Table Games, subject to Appendix G.
3. **Add Appendix G—Electronic Table Games, in the form attached to this Amendment, in its entirety.**

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Suquamish Tribe and the State of Washington have executed this Sixth Amendment to the Compact.

THE SUQUAMISH TRIBE

BY: 

LEONARD FORSMAN

Chairman

Dated: 7/24/2023

STATE OF WASHINGTON

BY: 

JAY INSLEE

Governor

Dated: 08/02/23

**SUQUAMISH TRIBE**  
**and the**  
**STATE OF WASHINGTON**  
**CLASS III GAMING COMPACT**

**APPENDIX G**  
**ELECTRONIC TABLE GAMES**

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## **SECTION 1. CONDITIONS AND LIMITATIONS**

This Appendix contains the interrelated concessions, limitations, and agreement of the Tribe and State with respect to the subject matter addressed herein. Provisions of the Compact and appendices, as amended (together, the “Compact”), that are not addressed in this Appendix remain in full force and effect, unless and until they are subsequently amended pursuant to the processes set forth in the Compact. This Appendix contains interdependent conditions and consequences that must be accepted as a whole in order to adopt this Appendix.

The Tribe and State agree that, although the Compact and its appendices become effective upon publication of notice of approval by the Secretary of the Interior of the United States in the Federal Register in accordance with 25 U.S.C. § 2710(d)(3)(B), the implementation of this Appendix shall be delayed until any of the provisions herein are implemented by the Tribe (“Implementation Date”). However, if certain provisions in this Appendix have been implemented through another appendix, the delayed implementation shall not apply to those provisions. The Tribe shall provide at least ten (10) days advance notice to the State prior to implementation of this Appendix.

Any provisions of the Compact and Appendices that do not conflict with these standards shall apply to Electronic Table Games. To the extent they do not conflict, existing Internal Controls, game rules, and similar documents in effect as of the date of the publication of the Sixth Amendment remain in full force and effect unless and until they are subsequently modified pursuant to the process set forth in the Compact.

## **SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS**

The following terms apply to this Appendix. All capitalized terms not defined herein, to the extent they do not conflict, shall have the same definitions as in the Compact.

“Component” means Electronic Table Game Terminals, any dealer interface, the Electronic Wagering System, and hardware, software, and servers that function collectively to simulate table game operations and are necessary to operate the Electronic Table Game System.

“Communal Shoe” means a randomly shuffled and dealt deck or decks of cards, whether physical or electronic, that removes each card played until the round of play is completed according to the approved game rules.

“Electronic Table Game” or “ETG” means an electronic version of a Class III table game.

“Electronic Table Game System” or “ETG System” means a system that utilizes electronics in connection with the generation, collection, storage, and communication of

game outcome, accounting, and significant event data, including all Components thereof, to operate Electronic Table Games.

“Electronic Table Game Terminal” or “ETG Terminal” means a computer housed in a cabinet with input device(s) and video screen(s) where a player may play Electronic Table Games.

“Electronic Wagering System” means a Component of the ETG System that includes a computer or server and any related hardware, software or other device that facilitates patron play at an Electronic Table Game.

### **SECTION 3. AUTHORIZATION**

- 3.1 The ETG System must be honest, fair, secure, reliable, auditable, and compliant with the Compact and the standards contained in this Appendix and any related MOU.
- 3.2 System Conditions. An ETG System is authorized when the ETG System does not allow a patron to play a device prohibited by RCW 9.46.0233(1)(b) and RCW 67.70.040(1)(a) (“Play Against the Machine”). An ETG System does not allow Play Against the Machine when:
  - 3.2.1 there is a human dealer involved in the play of the ETG (“Dealer Controlled”); or
  - 3.2.2 the play of the ETG does not involve a human dealer, and the ETG System is configured for play between two or more patrons against the same roll of dice or spin of the wheel, or a Communal Shoe of electronic cards (“Non-Dealer Controlled”); however, only one patron is needed to initiate game play; or
  - 3.2.3 it is a hybrid of Dealer Controlled and Non-Dealer Controlled, provided that any ETG played as Dealer Controlled follows applicable Dealer-Controlled standards set forth in this Appendix and any ETG offered as Non-Dealer Controlled follows applicable Non-Dealer Controlled standards set forth in this Appendix.
- 3.3 Specific Games
  - 3.3.1 The Tribe may offer for play an ETG version of any Class III table game approved in Compact Section III. Pay table or odds offered on an ETG shall be consistent with game rules as approved in Section XI.B(4). ETG game rules must be displayed on each ETG Terminal.
  - 3.3.2 An ETG Terminal may allow for play any other Class III activity as authorized under the Compact and Appendices, other than the Tribal Lottery System or any Gaming activity with a limited allocation.

- 3.3.3 Concurrent play. Patrons may play more than one ETG concurrently using a single ETG Terminal under the following requirements:
- a. An ETG Terminal must display clear information about each ETG available for play and such information must be available to a patron without the patron first placing a wager.
  - b. An ETG Terminal must display each ETG selected for play by the patron.
  - c. An ETG Terminal must display the decisions and outcomes of play for each ETG selected by the patron.
  - d. An ETG may not be added to or removed from an ETG Terminal in use by a patron.

3.4 Wager Limits. Wager limits for ETGs shall not exceed \$500.

3.5 Electronic Wagering System. An ETG shall be activated with an Electronic Wagering System that meets the standards described in Section 5.1.2. An ETG Terminal shall not issue coin or U.S. currency at the conclusion of a patron's play.

#### **SECTION 4. NUMBER OF GAMING STATIONS**

Every nine (9) ETG Terminals shall constitute one Gaming Station. If the number of ETG Terminals put into play is not perfectly divisible by nine (9), then any remainder less than nine (9) will constitute a Gaming Station. For example, if ten (10) ETG Terminals are in operation, it will constitute two (2) Gaming Stations.

#### **SECTION 5. OPERATION AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

##### **5.1. Standards for Operation.**

5.1.1 Any ETG must comply with the standards established by this Appendix and any applicable provision of the Compact, and must meet or exceed all applicable standards of Gaming Laboratories International's Standards GLI-24 (Electronic Table Game Systems) ("GLI-24") and GLI-25 (Dealer Controlled Electronic Table Games), as amended or modified. Any standards that contemplate features or functionalities of an ETG System that conflict with Section 3 of this Appendix are not applicable, and such features or functionalities are prohibited.

5.1.2 Any Electronic Wagering System must meet or exceed Gaming Laboratories International's Standard GLI-16 (Cashless Systems in Casinos), the standards established by this Appendix, any applicable provision of the Compact, including Cashless Transaction System as defined in Appendix X2, and any related MOU. Provided, any "Cashless Systems in Casinos" that would add money to or take

money from a patron's account without a cashier or kiosk would require negotiations in Section XV.D.

5.1.3 The Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency may mutually agree in writing to alternative standards for any ETG System authorized in Section 3 in lieu of the GLI standards described in Sections 5.1.1 and 5.1.2 above that maintain the integrity and security of the ETG System.

5.2. Internal controls. Prior to offering ETGs for play, the Tribe must implement Internal Controls as minimum operating standards to govern the operation and management of the ETG System.

5.2.1 Initial Internal Controls. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall forward to the State Gaming Agency its initial Internal Controls for ETG Systems for review and concurrence. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall detail how the Internal Controls meet or exceed the requirements described in this Appendix or any related MOU. The State Gaming Agency concurrence with the Tribal Gaming Agency proposal shall be deemed granted after twenty (20) days of receipt of the Tribal Gaming Agency proposal if no disapproval in writing is received from the State Gaming Agency. The State Gaming Agency shall only disapprove such portions of a proposal it finds would have a material adverse impact on public interest or on the integrity of ETG System(s) and shall detail the reasons for disapproval. If a dispute regarding this process cannot be resolved by the Tribal Gaming Agency and State Gaming Agency within thirty (30) days, the Parties may seek dispute resolution pursuant to the Compact.

5.2.2 Minimum Requirements. The Internal Controls will address the following, at a minimum:

- a. Description of Gaming Employees who perform essential functions, supervisory authority, handling payouts on winning vouchers.
- b. User access controls for ETG personnel;
- c. Segregation of duties;
- d. Procedures for receiving, investigation and responding to patron complaints;
- e. Accounting and audit procedures;
- f. Procedures to ensure the physical security of the ETG Systems, including key controls and Closed Surveillance System coverage;

- g. Procedures to ensure the integrity and security of all sensitive data and software;
  - h. Procedures to ensure that access to sensitive data and software is limited to appropriate personnel;
  - i. Procedures to ensure accurate accounting of wagers and payouts;
  - j. Procedures to ensure the logging of the events and the availability of records to permit an effective audit of the conduct of the ETG System and the reporting of revenue;
  - k. All existing Internal Controls are updated, as necessary, to ensure there are no conflicts with any Internal Controls governing ETG Systems; and
  - l. Any other internal controls deemed necessary by the State Gaming Agency and Tribal Gaming Agency.
- 5.3. Required Reports. Reports necessary to record information as deemed necessary by the Tribal Gaming Agency or as required by Internal Controls must be generated. These reports may include, but are not limited to, all applicable reports as outlined in Section 2.21 of GLI-24.
- 5.4. Training. A manufacturer's prototype (e.g., test cart) of the version of the ETG System that will be installed at the Gaming Facility will be delivered to the State Gaming Agency for training purposes prior to field testing. The State Gaming Agency will collaborate with the Tribal Gaming Agency to provide additional training opportunities related to ETG Systems. The Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency may mutually agree to an alternative to a prototype.

## **SECTION 6. APPROVAL OF ELECTRONIC TABLE GAME SYSTEMS**

- 6.1. Purpose. The general purpose of testing an ETG System pursuant to this Section 6 is to determine the compliance of the ETG System with this Appendix and any applicable MOU(s).
- 6.2. Independent Test Laboratory (ITL) Testing for ETG System, Upgrades, and New Equipment; Modifications.
- 6.2.1 ITL Requirement. Each new or upgraded ETG System may be offered for play only if it has been tested and certified as meeting the applicable standards of this Appendix and any related MOU by an ITL selected by the Tribe from SGA's approved ITL list.
  - 6.2.2 ITL Reports and Certification. At the conclusion of testing, the ITL shall provide to the Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency its certification and

supporting documentation. If the ITL provides sufficient documentation that the ETG System or relevant Component has been tested and certified by that ITL in any other jurisdiction and it meets the requirements of this Appendix, without any subsequent modifications, that shall be sufficient to satisfy this requirement.

- 6.2.3 Modifications. No substantive modification to any ETG System may be made after testing, certification, and approval without certification of the modification by an ITL. The following modifications are not considered substantive and do not require ITL certification or notification to the State Gaming Agency: (a) changes to content not related to any regulated feature; (b) adding or removing users; (c) any system configuration changes that have no impact on the accuracy of report information including gaming revenue; and (d) minor modifications to hardware.

6.3. Field Testing for ETG Systems.

- 6.3.1 A new ETG System may only be offered for play subject to field testing at the Tribe's Gaming Facility as described below.
- 6.3.2 The terms, conditions, criteria, and objectives for each ETG System to be field tested must be jointly agreed to by TGA and SGA in writing prior to field testing and must include at least:
- a. The requirements and standards that must be met to determine successful field testing.
  - b. The number of ETG Terminals to be included in the field test.
  - c. The demarcation of the testing area of the gaming floor and necessary signage.
  - d. The appropriate length of the testing period.
  - e. Identification of who will receive updates, how the updates will be sent, and when they will be sent.

6.3.3 Approval.

- a. After a minimum of thirty (30) days of active operation of field testing free of substantial errors, the Tribal Gaming Agency and State Gaming Agency may end field testing and approve the ETG System if the final joint field testing report provides, at a minimum, the details of testing, any issues identified, the resolution of those issues, and overall performance and compliance of the ETG System with applicable standards.



- b. The ETG System shall be deemed approved after ninety (90) days of active operation unless disapproved in writing by the Tribal Gaming Agency or State Gaming Agency detailing the reasons for disapproval.
  - c. Field testing may be suspended by the Tribal Gaming Agency, State Gaming Agency, or the manufacturer at any time for non-compliance. Once the Tribal Gaming Agency and State Gaming Agency agree the non-compliance issue is resolved, field testing may resume.
- 6.4. Implementation of Approved ETG by another tribe. The Tribe may conduct their own field testing period as outlined above or, once field testing is completed for another tribe, the Tribe may rely on that testing for approval when its ETG System is the same and configured in the same way.

## **SECTION 7. COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTIONS**

“Net Win from Gaming Stations” as used in Section XIV.C of the Compact shall include Net Win from ETGs.

## **SECTION 8. PROBLEM AND RESPONSIBLE GAMING**

- 8.1 Monetary Contribution. Section 14.4 of Appendix X2, as previously amended, is replaced in its entirety to read as follows:

Problem Gambling. The Tribe shall contribute an amount as described below to programs for problem gambling education, awareness, prevention, and treatment for tribal and non-tribal citizens in the State of Washington. Contributions shall be made to charitable and/or non-profit organizations, or to governmental organizations which may include the Health Care Authority’s Division of Behavioral Health and Recovery or a successor agency with expertise in providing awareness, prevention, education, outreach, treatment, and recovery support services for problem gambling. Beginning on the Implementation Date and until June 30, 2024, the Tribe shall accrue 0.20 percent (0.2%) of the net win derived from all Class III gaming activities, determined on an annual basis. Beginning on July 1, 2024, and subsequent fiscal years, the Tribe shall accrue 0.26 percent (0.26%). The percent of net win accrued shall be paid annually within one year of the close of the Tribe’s fiscal year.

- 8.2 Commitment to Responsible Gaming. The Tribe and State Gaming Agency recognize the importance of responsible gambling as part of the shared responsibility to protect the health, welfare, and safety of the citizens of the Tribe and of the State. In addition to the requirements of Appendix S, Section 8, the Tribe agrees to display a commitment to responsible gambling and a link to the Gaming Operation’s responsible gambling policy on each ETG Terminal.

## **SECTION 9. ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING**

The Tribe's Internal Controls will describe how the Tribe will comply with applicable federal requirements including requirements imposed by the Federal Trade Commission (FTC), Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC), Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN), Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB), Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) and the US Department of Treasury.